

Task: Cut out each description and place in the correct order of events.

Food molecules are absorbed into the bloodstream.
Bile produced in the liver helps to digest fat.
Digestive enzymes produced in the pancreas helps to digest food.

Water is absorbed into the bloodstream leaving solid waste material called faeces behind.

Food is forced down the food pipe from the mouth to the stomach using muscular action.

Ingestion happens here.
Teeth cut and grind the food into smaller pieces.
Saliva helps soften the food.
Saliva also contains an enzyme called amylase. Amylase breaks down starch and turns it into maltose (a sugar).

Egestion happens here.

The food is stored and churned in the muscular organ.
Hydrochloric acid kills any bacteria.
Chemical and physical digestion continues.

Task: Match each label to the corresponding description label.

Small Intestine

Large Intestine

Oesophagus

Mouth

Anus

Stomach