#### 4.4.3 - Polar Form

#### 4.4 - Algebra - Complex Numbers

Leaving Certificate Mathematics

Higher Level ONLY





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 $\theta$  is the **argument** of z.

The angle between the line to the point and the **positive x axis**.

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$$\begin{array}{rcl} r & = & |1+i| \\ & = & \sqrt{1^2+1^2} \\ & = & \sqrt{2} \\ \tan\theta & = & \frac{1}{1} \end{array}$$

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$$= \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\therefore 1+i = \sqrt{2} \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{4} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

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=  $\sqrt{(-1)^2 + (\sqrt{3})^2}$   
=  $\sqrt{4}$ 

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$$= \sqrt{4} = 2$$

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$$\therefore -1 + i\sqrt{3} = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

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$$\therefore -1 + i\sqrt{3} = 2(\cos \frac{2\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{2\pi}{3})$$