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Supporting the Professiona Learning of School Leaders and Teachers



Creating an inclusive classroom: SEN in Computer Science

Curriculum planning







By the end of this session

Participants will be enabled to:

- develop an understanding of Inclusion, SEN and current policy and recognise the broad range of guidelines and resources available
- make the link with Leaving Certificate Computer Science
- bring inclusive teaching practices for CS back to the classroom
- develop a shared understanding of the challenges and possible strategies for a wide range of SEN categories
- engage collaboratively to develop a curriculum plan for the coming weeks/months guided by the LCCS specification



What is inclusion? Some perspectives...

"Technology should be a vehicle by which students reflect and demonstrate understanding of their intersectional identities."

"Inclusion is creating space for nurturing and caring relationships."

"Different forms of assessment privilege different forms of understanding."

Shuchi Grover

"[Our classrooms contain] ... minoritised learners, rather than minority learners."

Professor Tia Madkins

Inclusion: Warm-up Activity





What does an inclusive classroom look like?

What does inclusion mean to you?



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Current policy







Special Educational Needs are defined as:

"A restriction in the capacity of the person to participate in and benefit from education on account of an enduring physical, sensory, mental health or learning disability, or any other condition which results in a person learning differently from a person without that condition."

The EPSEN Act recognises that special educational needs may arise from four different areas of disability: • physical • sensory • mental health • learning disability.

EPSEN Act, 2004





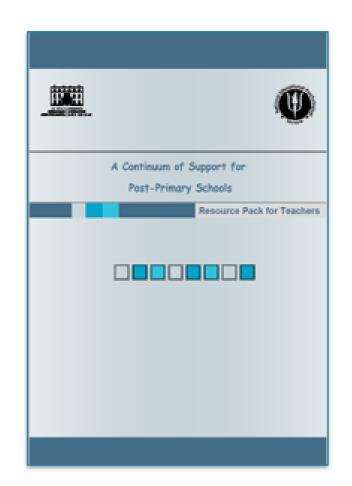
"It is the responsibility of the classroom teacher to ensure that each student is taught in a stimulating and supportive classroom environment where all students feel equal and valued."

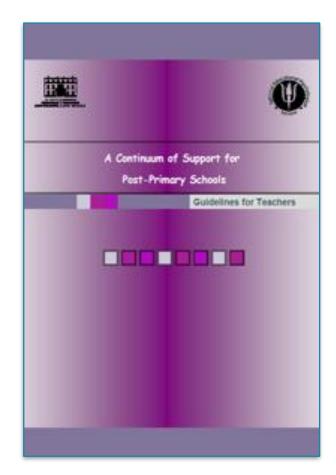
13. The Role of the Classroom Teacher

Circular No 0014/2017



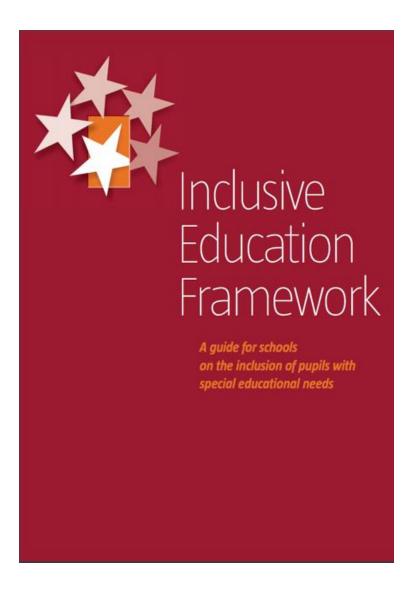
Guidelines for Post-Primary Schools Supporting Students with Special Educational Needs in Mainstream Schools



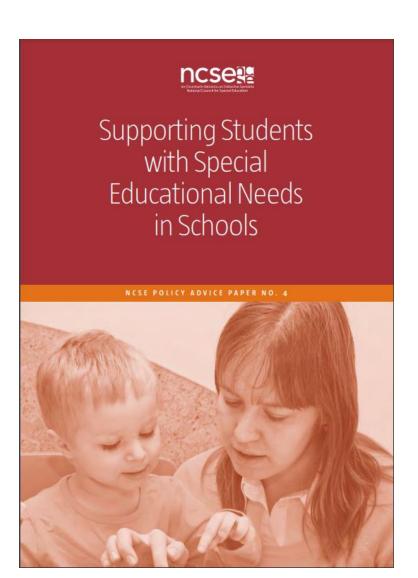






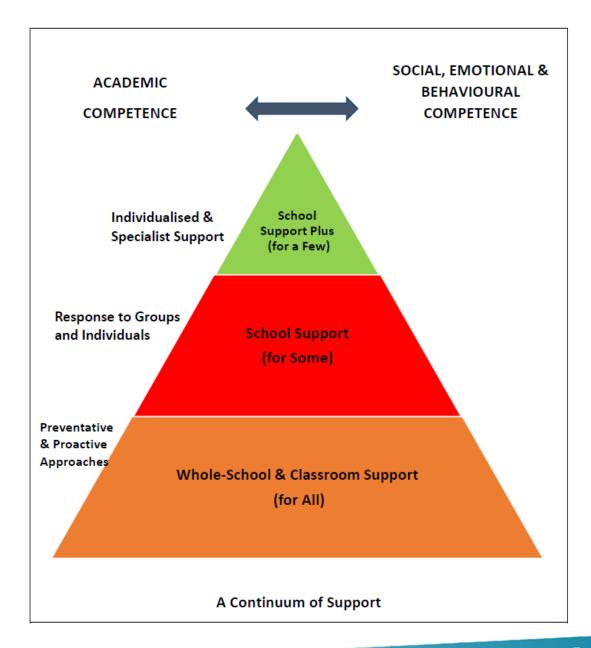








Continuum of Support





The Student Support File

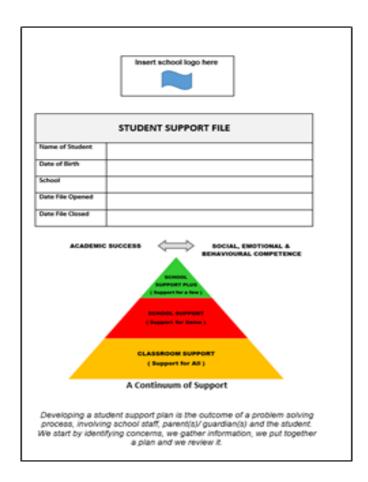


Highlights a student's particular Strengths and Needs.

Sets a small number of goals and targets for the year/term.

Gives teachers insight into areas of skills/interests for the student.

Allows teachers to create specific supports to help meet students' current needs/targets.





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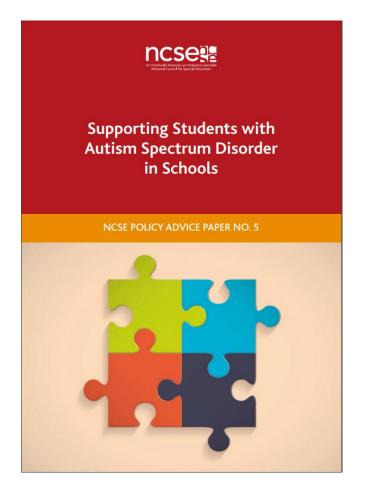
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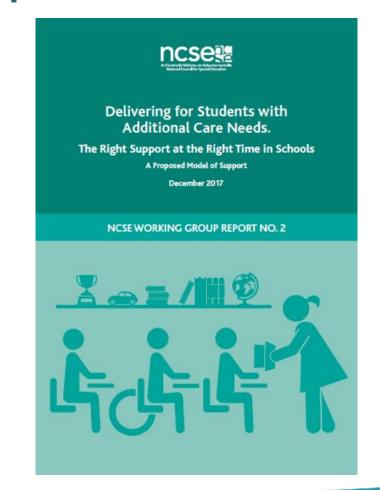
SEN Guidelines & Resources





Additional Supports

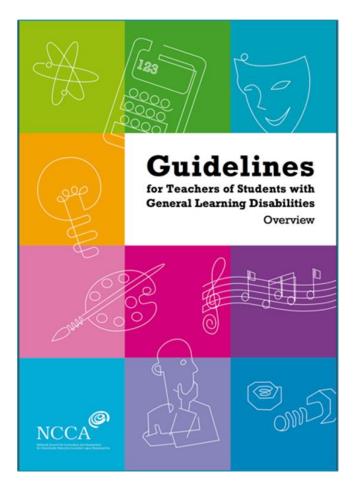


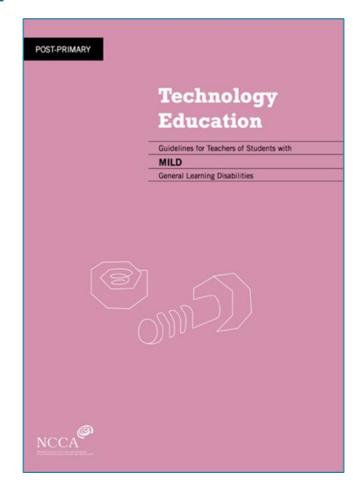






Additional Supports









Additional Supports









creating inclusive environments in education and employment for people with disabilities







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Inclusive teaching in the LCCS classroom

Inclusive approaches for teaching CS







Leaving Certificate Computer Science



For all students who want to do it!

https://www.csforall.org/

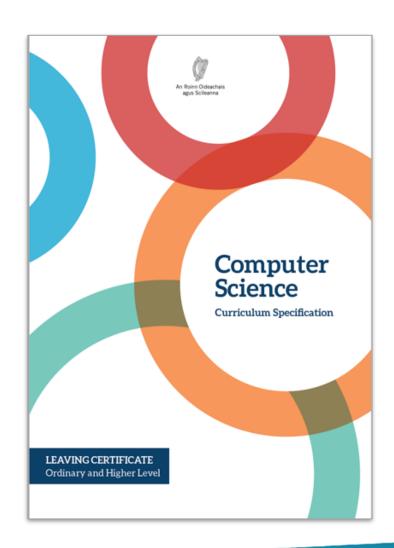




LCCS Specification

"Students will explore the role that adaptive technology can play in the lives of people with special needs and how access to, and engagement with computing and technology is of ever-increasing importance to societies, democracies and human progress."

- 1.15 consider the quality of the user experience when interacting with computers and list the principles of universal design, including the role of a user interface and the factors that contribute to its usability.
- 1.17 describe the role that adaptive technology can play in the lives of people with special needs.





Inclusive Approaches for Teaching CS

Reduce cognitive load
Use unplugged activities
Physical computing
Teach to the emergent skill
Scaffold group work

Use proven pedagogies and methodologies to teach programming



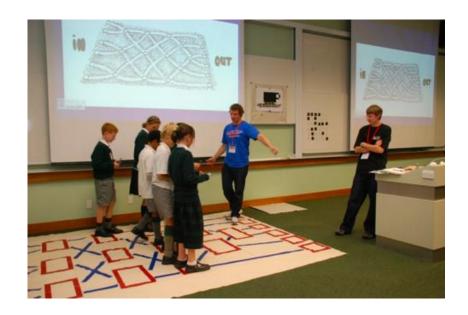


Use unplugged activities

Making the abstract tangible

Harnessing authentic and familiar contexts

Generalising knowledge and making links





Physical computing













Botley the coding robot

Code-a-Pillar

Lego Mindstorms



Physical computing



Arduino



Circuit Playground



Codebug



Crumble







Physical computing





Use proven pedagogies and methodologies to teach programming

PRIMM

Use-Modify-Create

Parson's Problems

Collaborative programming approaches – Pair & Peer

Scaffolding

Block-based languages

Sensory outputs for screen-based programming

Thonny/IDLE



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Inclusive teaching in the LCCS classroom

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Reframing your neurodiverse classroom

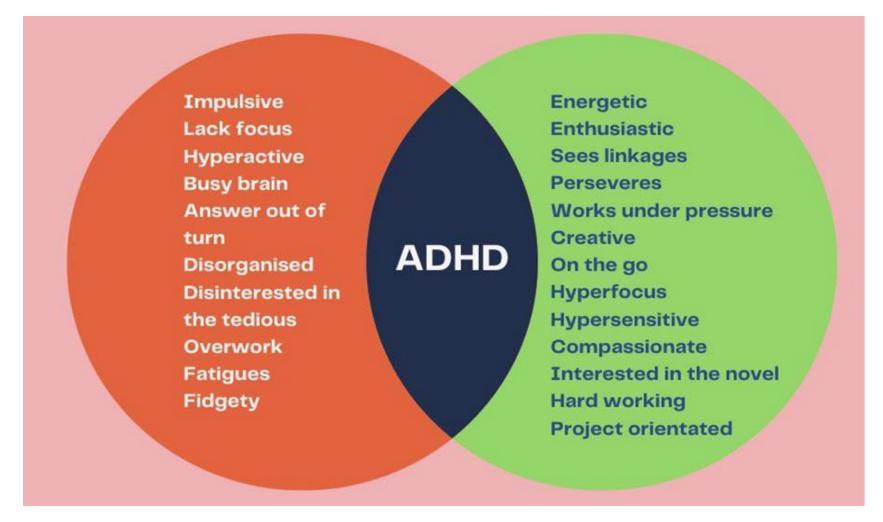




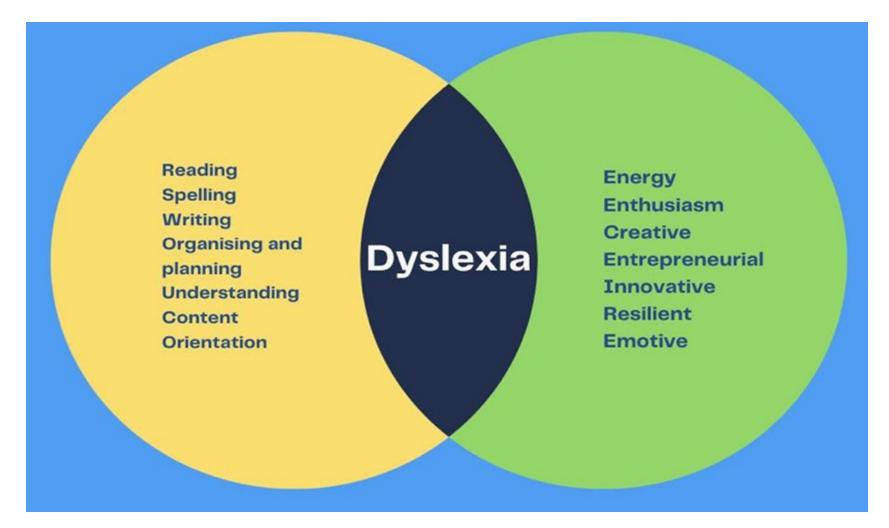




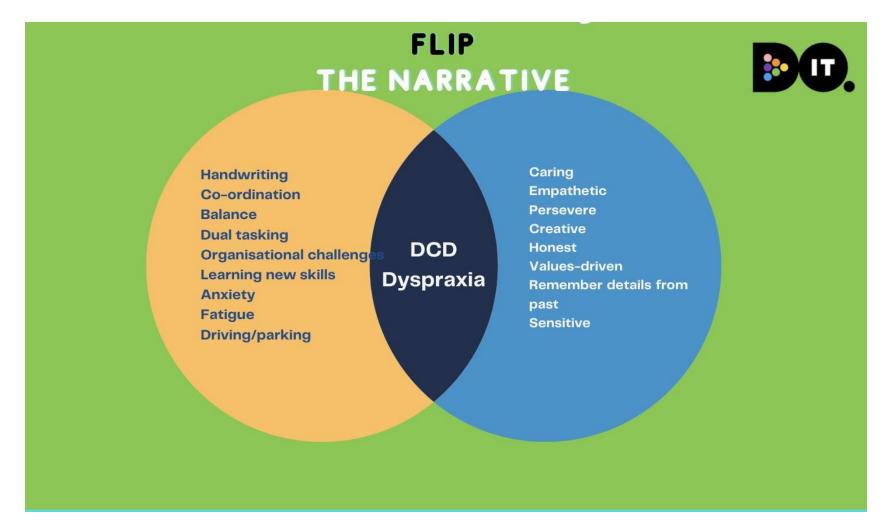














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Creating an inclusive classroom







Creating an Inclusive Classroom: Group Task

Your LCCS classes each have a wide variety of students and most likely several students presenting with a wide variety of special educational needs. What supports might you need to put in place to create a classroom that includes these learners?

What are the **challenges** this student might face in engaging with the learning in your classroom?

What **supports** can you put in place to mitigate these challenges?

Consider also the **strengths** these students bring to the classroom - how might you use these to their (and your) advantage?





Creating an Inclusive Classroom: Group Task

Group 1:

Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD)

Group 2:

Emotional/ Behavioural Disorder Group 3:

Physical Disability

Group 4:

Dyslexia

Group 5:

Attention
Deficit/Hyperactivity
Disorder (ADHD)

Group 6:

Dyspraxia (DCD)

Group 7:

Profound sight loss

Group 8:

Hearing impairment



Creating an Inclusive Classroom: Feedback

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General tips

Differentiate the learning experiences

Encourage support for the student from classmates

Consider physical access issues such as ramps, toilets, lifts and classroom layout

Incorporate advice from the SEN coordinator in the school

Use computers and audio-visual aids in the student's learning and teaching programme

Specialised equipment may also be necessary such as adapted keyboards, page turners, word boards or special desks.



General tips

Encourage communication to prevent isolation

Allow students extra time to complete tasks

Students may have a low self-image; therefore, it is important to ensure that the student feels included and is encouraged and praised

As students tend to become distracted quite easily, minimise distractions in the classroom environment

Read each students' Student Support File and think about where LCCS fits into helping these students achieve the goals therein



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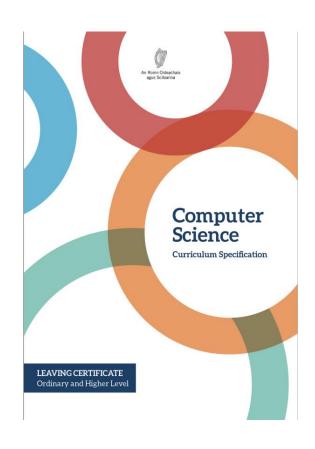
Curriculum planning







LCCS Specification & Learning Outcomes

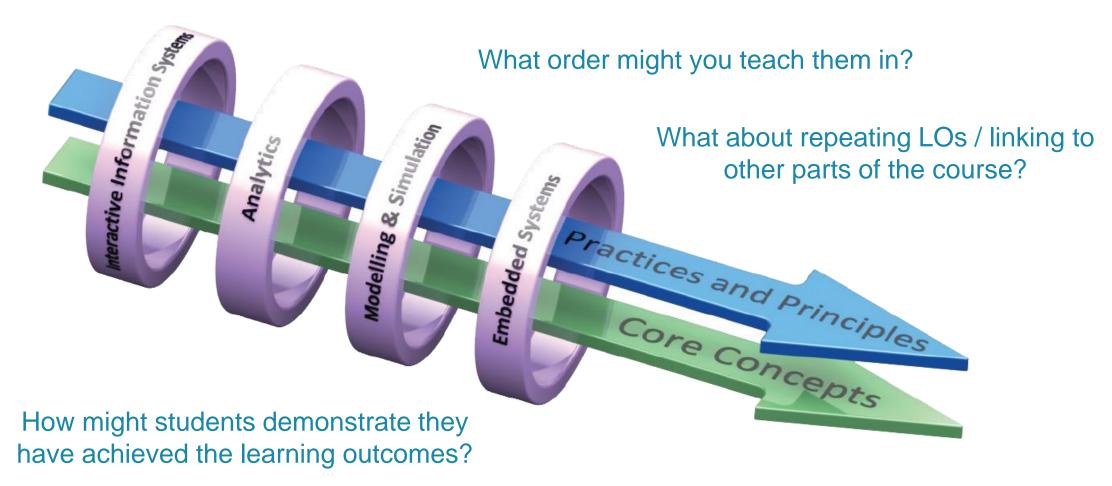


"Learning outcomes can best be defined as statements of what a learner knows, understands and is able to do after completion of learning."

CEDEFOP (2009)



How might you work with the learning outcomes?



What content or resources might you need?



Curriculum Planning: Group Task

How do you intend to approach LCCS in your classroom (next 4 weeks/until mid-term/Christmas)?

Work in your group and consider – Timeframe, Topics / LOs / Resources / Assessment / Build up to ALTs / ALTs / Equipment etc.

Nominate:

- 1. a notetaker to summarise your group's work
- 2. a spokesperson to provide feedback







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Key message: Explore and teach the learning outcomes through the lens of ALTs. There are several ways to achieve this.



Use the LCCS specification for this activity



Group Activity





Curriculum Planning: Feedback

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An Roinn Oideachais Department of Education

