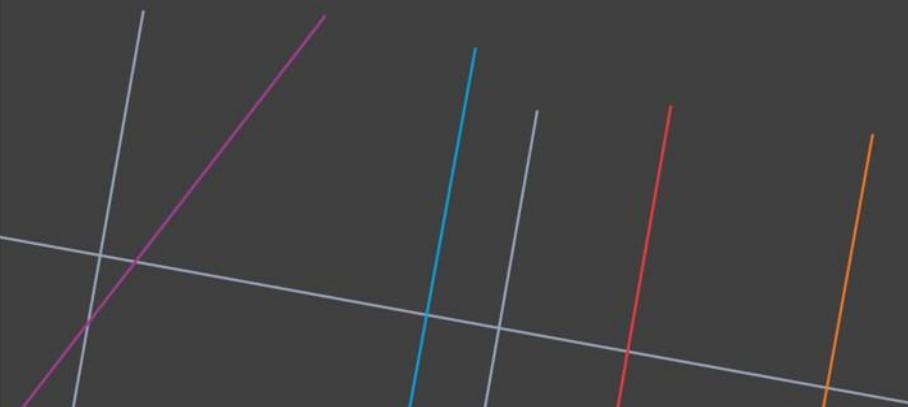


Graphics

Exploring Classroom-Based Assessment 1

‘Communicating through sketching’



An Roinn Oideachais
Department of Education



In this presentation we will explore...

CLICK ON THE ICONS BELOW TO ACCESS EACH SECTION.



Context for Classroom-Based Assessment 1: Communicating through sketching



Planning and preparation **before** the Classroom-Based Assessment



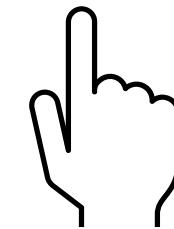
Student learning **during** the Classroom-Based Assessment



Examine the **next steps** after the Classroom-Based Assessment



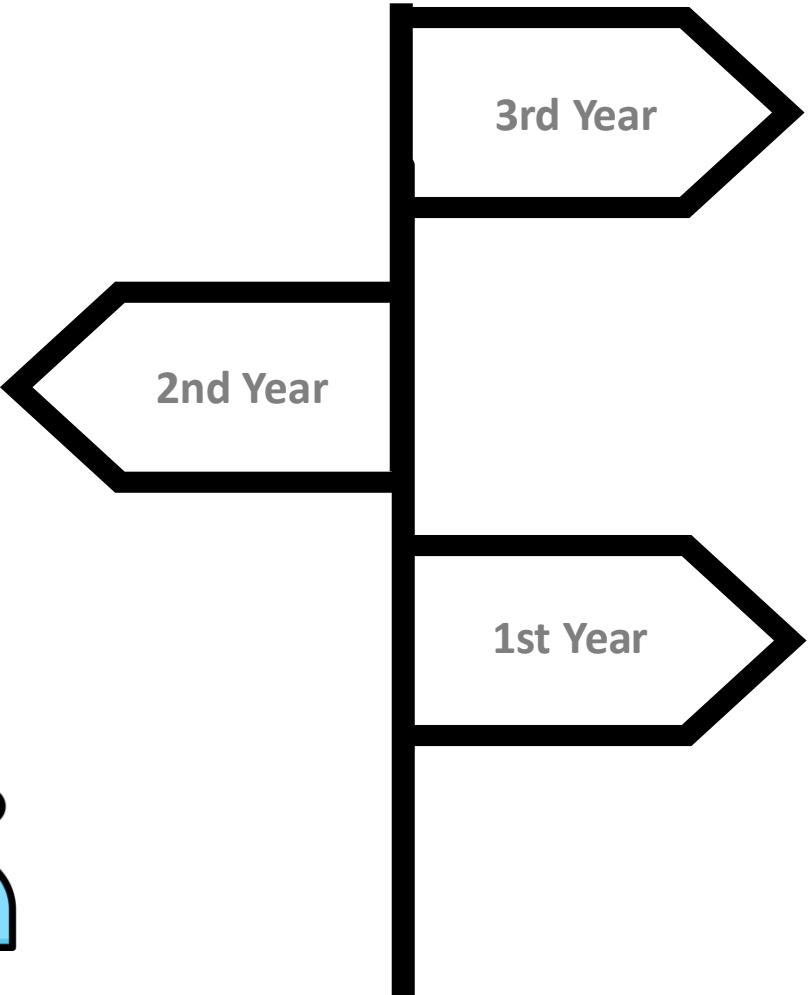
Preparing for, and participating in a **SLAR** meeting



This icon
indicates
clickable links to
relevant
documentation
throughout the
presentation

THE LEARNING JOURNEY...

- Ongoing Formative Assessment
- CBA 1 – Communicating through sketching

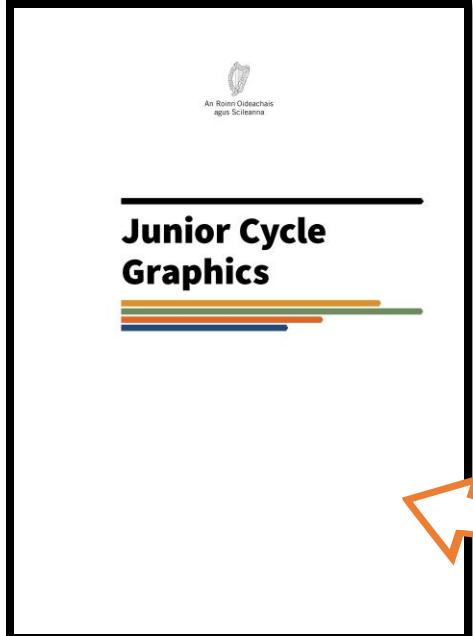


- Ongoing Formative Assessment
- CBA 2 - Graphical presentation skills
- Project – 30%
- Final Examination – 70%

- Ongoing Formative Assessment

ASSESSMENT IN GRAPHICS

Information available on www.curriculumonline.ie



Graphics

The Guidelines for the Classroom-Based Assessments in Graphics have been updated and are available under the 'Assessment Guidelines' tab.

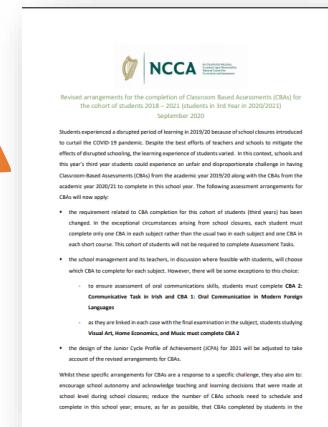
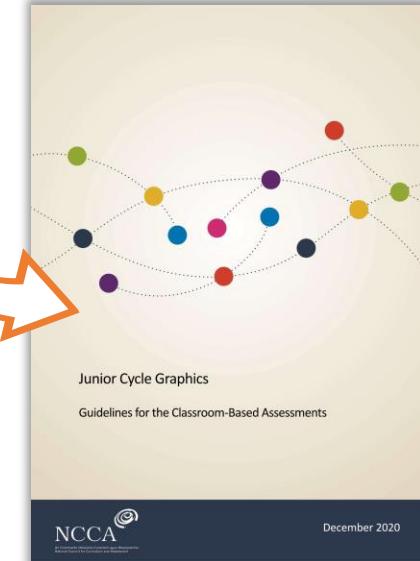
In the junior cycle curriculum there is a suite of technology subjects; Applied Technology, Engineering, Wood Technology and Graphics. Each subject offers the student different experiences which contribute towards their education in the technologies.

To view the full specification, click on the image below



Click on any of the tiles on this page to access the respective documents and supports.

Click on graphic below



CLASSROOM-BASED ASSESSMENTS IN GRAPHICS

... The junior cycle places a strong emphasis on assessment as **part of the learning process**....



Graphics Specifications, Page 17



Classroom-Based Assessment 1:
Communicating through sketching

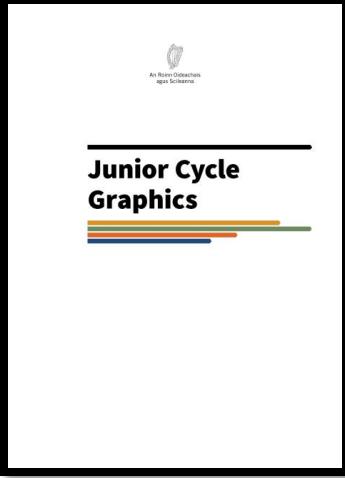
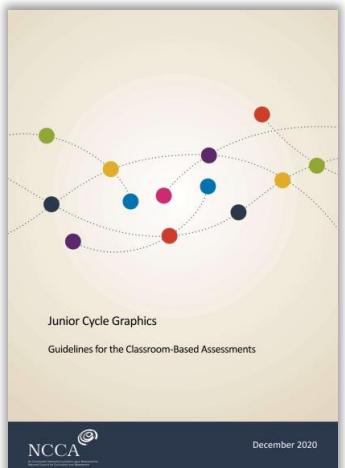


Classroom-Based Assessment 2:
Graphical presentation skills



...provides opportunities for students to develop and demonstrate skills in **researching and investigating the domain** in which the project will be situated and **present their findings graphically**...

Guidelines for the Classroom-Based Assessments, Page 18





Context



Before
CBA



During
CBA



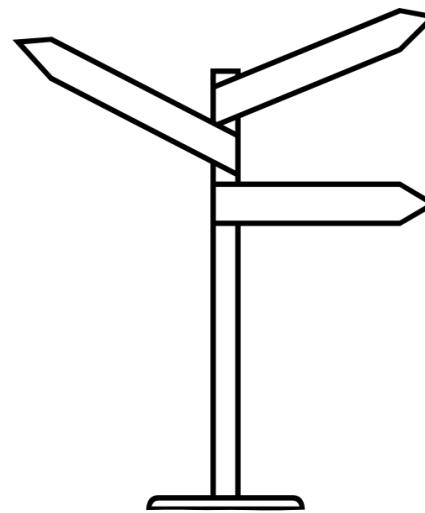
Next
steps



SLAR



Student Voice –
ownership
of learning

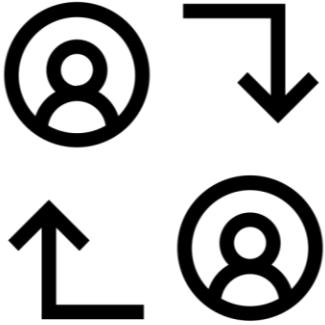
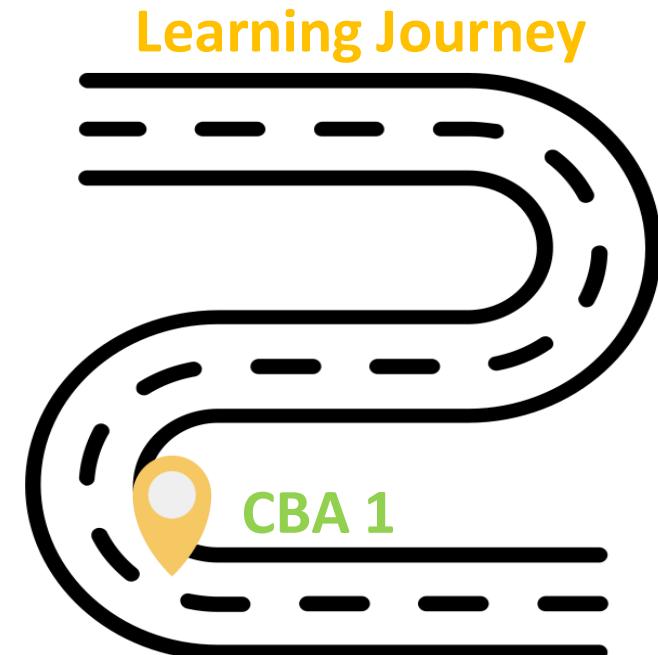


Self-directed learning

VALUE AND ROLE OF THE CBA

The Classroom-Based Assessments link to the key priorities for learning and teaching in Graphics.....students will actively engage in practical and authentic learning experiences.

Graphics Specifications, Page 19



On-going support
and feedback



Student enjoyment
& achievement



Context



Before
CBA



During
CBA



Next
steps



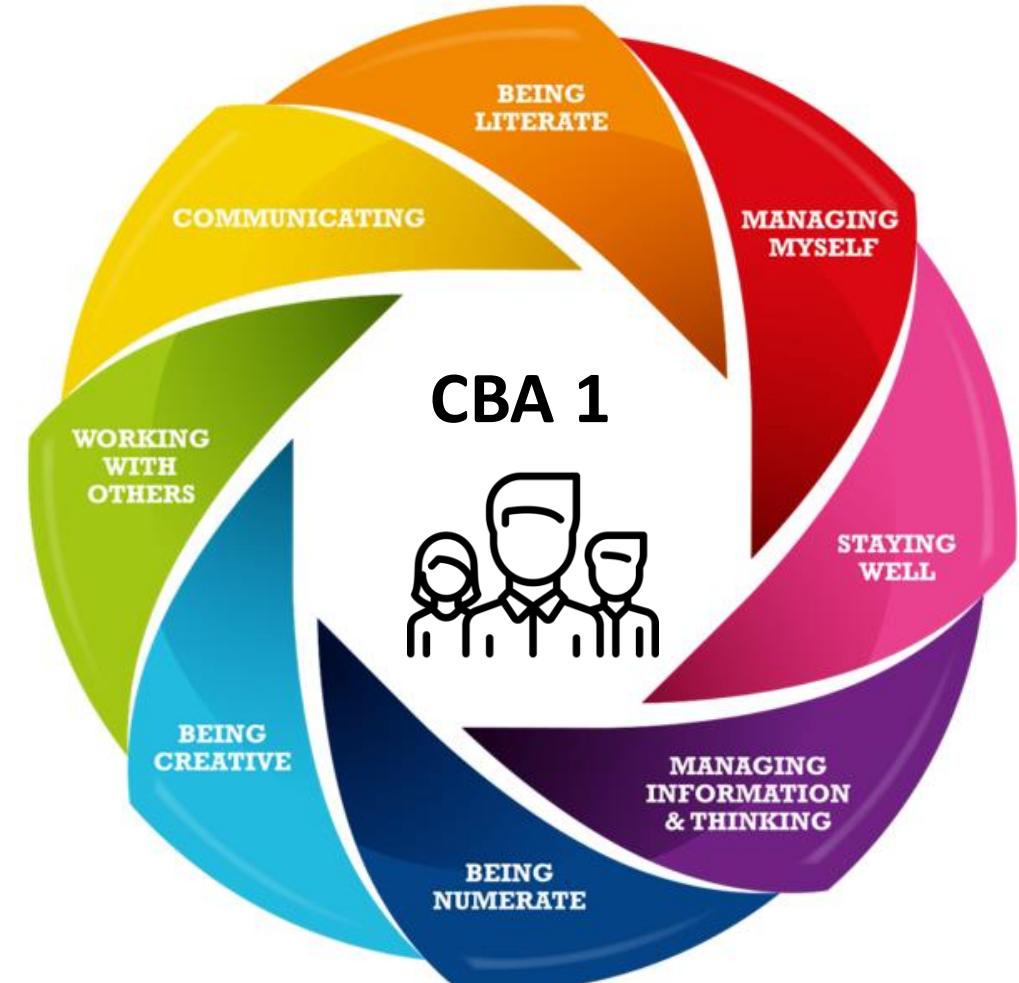
.....opportunities to demonstrate their understanding and skills in a way which would not be possible in a formal examination.

Framework for Junior Cycle, Page 37

.....opportunity to instil in students a curious disposition, where they are free to experiment, encouraged to explore new and challenging opportunities and to reflect on the process.

Graphics Specifications, Page 20

VALUE AND ROLE OF THE CBA





Context



Before
CBA



During
CBA



Next
steps



SLAR

Planning for Classroom-Based Assessments

The graphics below outline some planning considerations that subject departments and individual teachers may follow in advance of, during and after the Classroom-Based Assessment (CBA) process. Teachers are advised to refer to their **subject specification** and **Guidelines for the Classroom-Based Assessments** documents available on www.curriculumonline.ie for full details.

SUBJECT DEPARTMENT

Before Classroom-Based Assessments

-  Agree the three-week window
-  Agree the Subject Learning and Assessment Review (SLAR) meeting date, in line with current NCCA guidelines.
-  Agree the SLAR meeting facilitator

During Classroom-Based Assessments

-  Offer subject colleagues collegial support throughout the process
-  Encourage collective discussion, advice and support to one another

After Classroom-Based Assessments

-  SLAR meeting should take place within one-month or by the latest date specified by the NCCA
-  Provide feedback to students
-  Reflect on experience as a subject department

SUBJECT TEACHER

Before Classroom-Based Assessments

-  Engage with the subject specification, developing students' subject knowledge, understanding, skills and values
-  Explore formative assessment strategies
-  Consider student experiences with a non-linear approach to learning outcomes

During Classroom-Based Assessments

-  Guide students as they progress through the task
-  Offer ongoing feedback to students
-  Identify possible samples for SLAR meeting

After Classroom-Based Assessments

-  Assign provisional descriptors
-  Participate in SLAR meeting
-  Reconsider judgement
-  Report final descriptor

info@jct.ie

www.jct.ie

 @JCT4ed

 @JCforTeachers



Getting
ready

Completing
the CBA

Deciding on
the level of
achievement

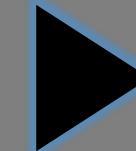
Next steps



Context



Before
CBA



During
CBA



Next
steps



SLAR

Planning for Classroom-Based Assessments

The graphics below outline some planning considerations that subject departments and individual teachers may follow in advance of, during and after the Classroom-Based Assessment (CBA) process. Teachers are advised to refer to their **subject specification** and **Guidelines for the Classroom-Based Assessments** documents available on www.curriculumonline.ie for full details.

SUBJECT DEPARTMENT		SUBJECT TEACHER	
Before Classroom-Based Assessments		Before Classroom-Based Assessments	
	Agree the three-week window		Engage with the subject specification, developing students' subject knowledge, understanding, skills and values
	Agree the Subject Learning and Assessment Review (SLAR) meeting date, in line with current NCCA guidelines.		Explore formative assessment strategies
	Agree the SLAR meeting facilitator		Consider student experiences with a non-linear approach to learning outcomes
During Classroom-Based Assessments		During Classroom-Based Assessments	
	Offer subject colleagues collegial support throughout the process		Guide students as they progress through the task
	Encourage collective discussion, advice and support to one another		Offer ongoing feedback to students
	Identify possible samples for SLAR meeting		
After Classroom-Based Assessments		After Classroom-Based Assessments	
	SLAR meeting should take place within one-month or by the latest date specified by the NCCA		Assign provisional descriptors
	Provide feedback to students		Participate in SLAR meeting
	Reflect on experience as a subject department		Reconsider judgement
	info@jct.ie		Report final descriptor
<small>© Junior Cycle for teachers 2017 This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution Non-Commercial License</small>			

Getting
ready

Completing
the CBA

Deciding on the
level of
achievement

Next steps

CBA 1 OVERVIEW



Context



Before
CBA



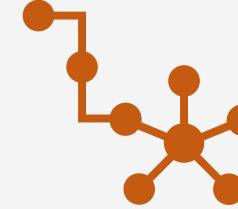
During
CBA



Next
steps



SLAR



Students choose stimulus theme in
agreement with the teacher

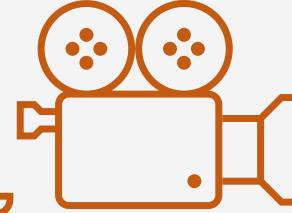
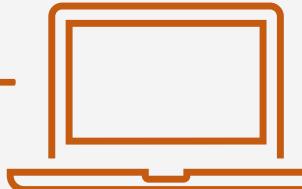
Communicating
through
sketching



Maximum 3-weeks



Students must **individually** present
a piece of work



Sketched representations may be supported by
work in a **wide range** of formats

COMMUNICATING THROUGH SKETCHING – FOUR LENSES

Students will engage in, and submit a response that includes the four lenses below which contribute to the generation of their evidence of learning and achievement

Communicating their Classroom-Based Assessment



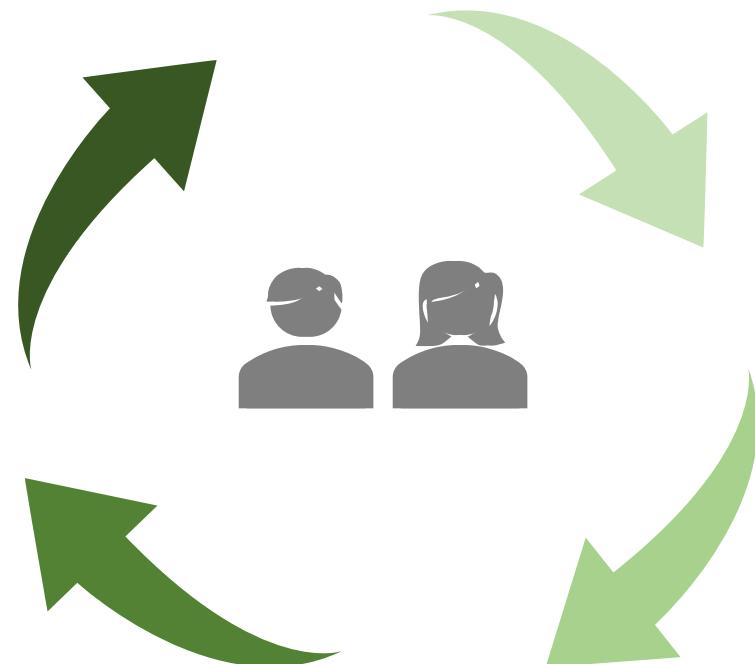
Sketching representation



Researching of ideas



Geometric concepts



Context



Before
CBA 2



During
CBA



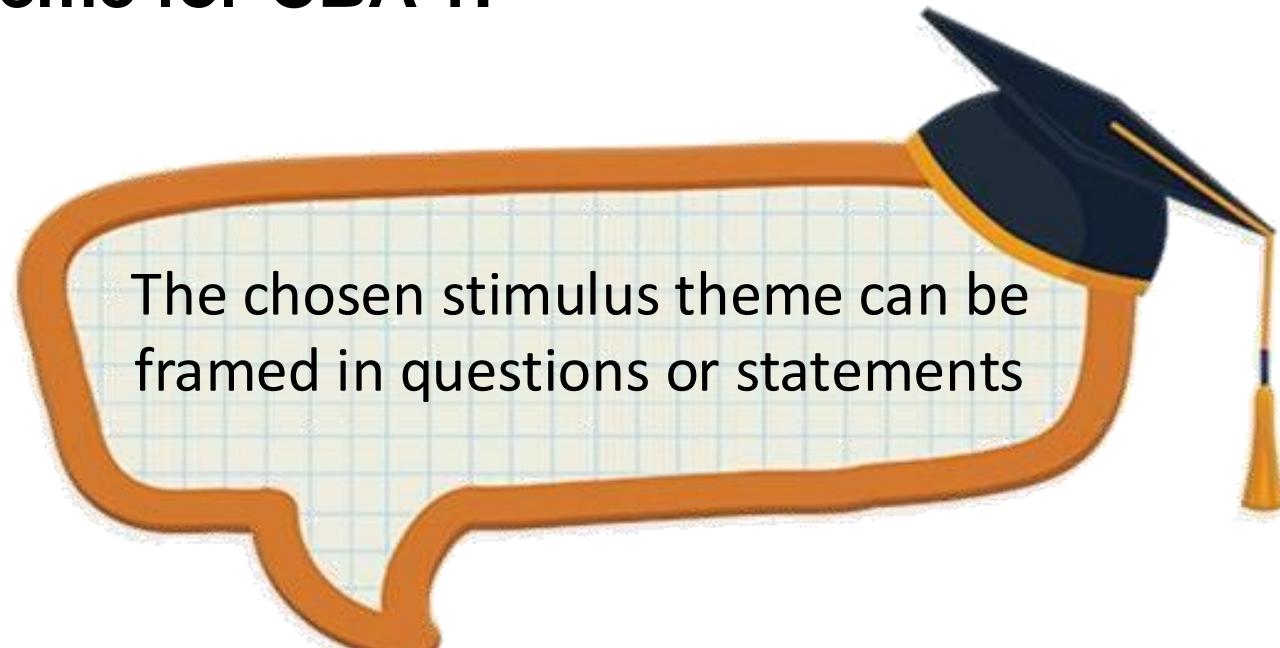
Next
steps



SLAR

Lens 1. Researching of ideas

Choosing a stimulus theme for CBA 1:



The chosen stimulus theme can be framed in questions or statements

Examples:

- *How do companies brand their merchandise?*
- *Exploring geometry around me.*



Context



Before
CBA



During
CBA



Next
steps



SLAR

Potential Stimulus Themes?



‘Where opportunities arise, their **curiosity should be fostered** to explore topics and ideas that are of interest to them and they should be encouraged to identify relevant links between classroom learning and everyday life.’



Lens 2. Geometric concepts

Context

Before
CBA

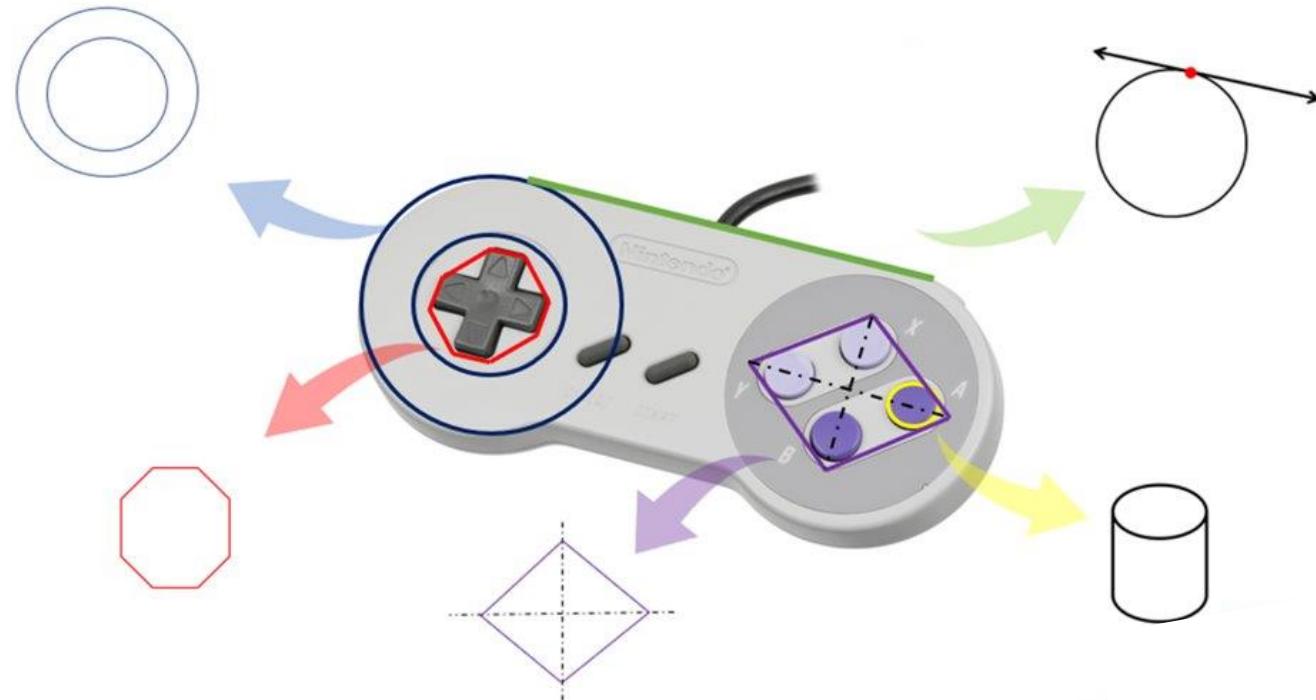
During
CBA

Next
steps

SLAR

students should identify relevant key geometric concepts that are present....

Guidelines for the Classroom-Based Assessments, Page 12



students should be able to communicate what geometric concepts are evident...

Guidelines for the Classroom-Based Assessments, Page 12

Lens 2. Geometric concepts



Context



Before
CBA



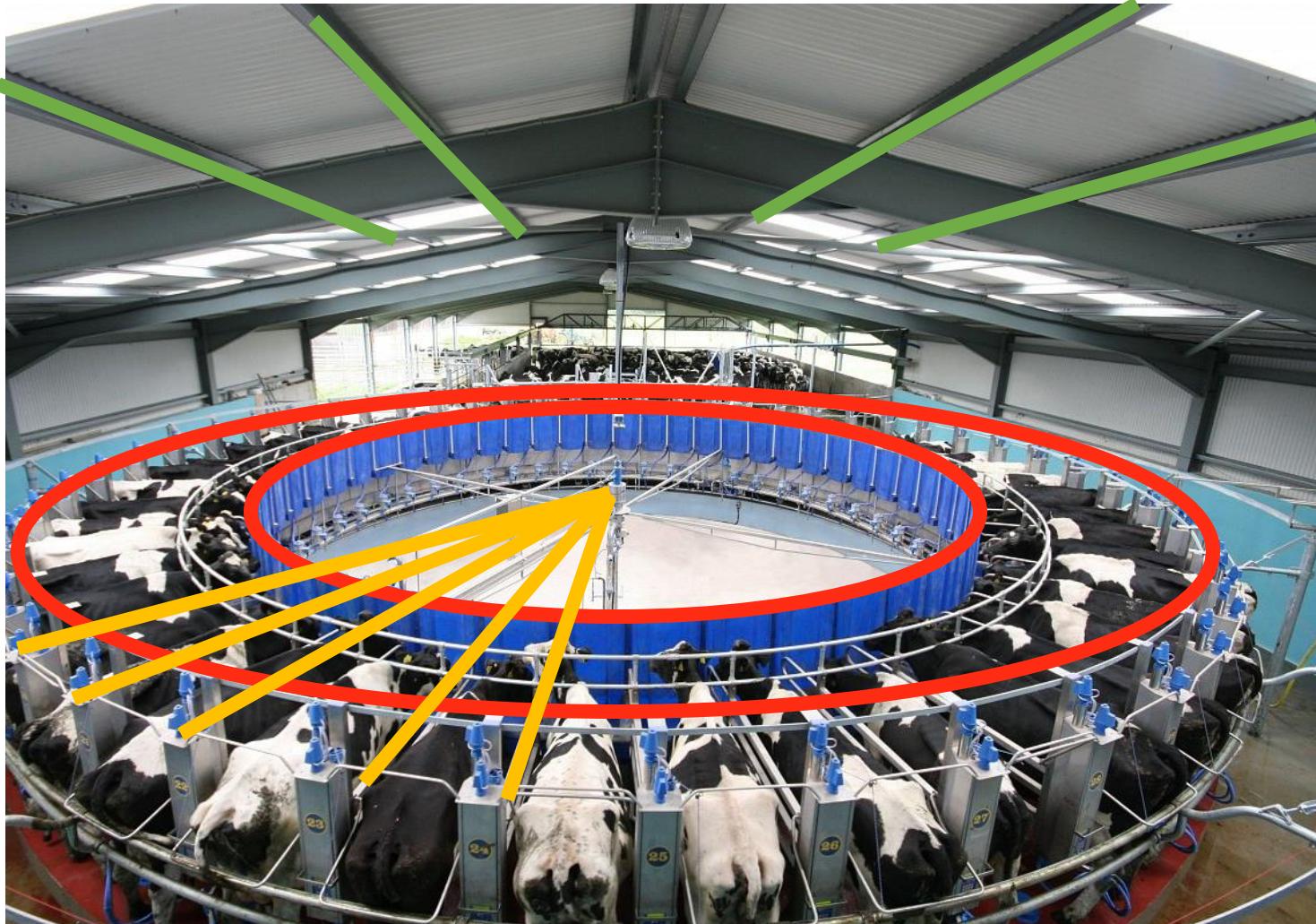
During
CBA



Next
steps

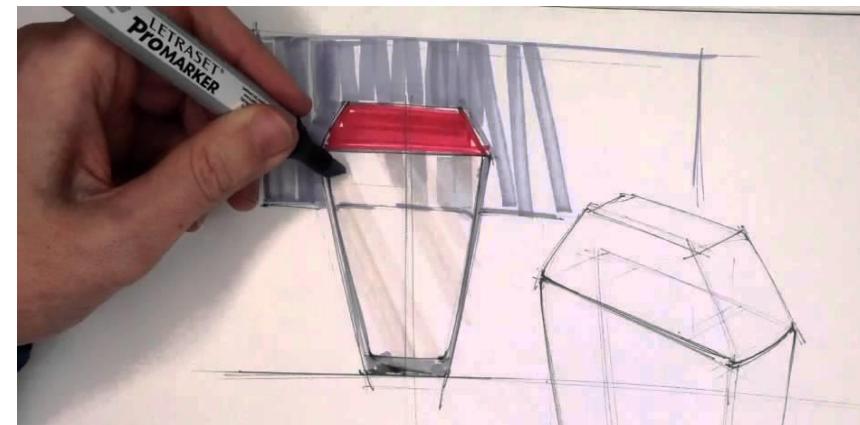
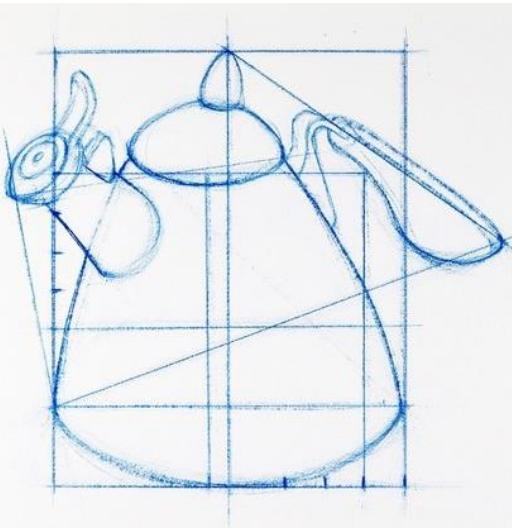
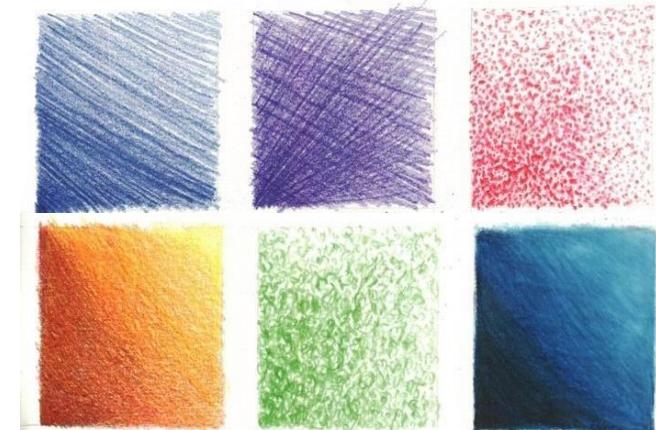


SLAR



Lens 3. Sketching representation

‘...using any appropriate drawing tools...’



‘...accurately proportioned and offer a clear visual of their response...’



Context



Before
CBA



During
CBA



Next
steps



SLAR

Lens 4. Communicating their Classroom-Based Assessment

As part of the final submission, the following should be visible:



Evidence of research



Identified geometric concepts



Sketched representation(s)



Context



Before
CBA



During
CBA



Next
steps



SLAR

Any work **accompanying** the sketched representation(s) can be presented in any suitable format. For example:

Written Form



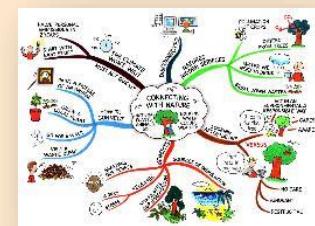
- Report Style
- Handwritten
- Typed

Digital Form



- Blog
- Video
- Slide presentation

Visual Form



- Graphical presentation
- Display

Audio Form



- Podcast
- Voiceover

DECIDING ON THE LEVEL OF ACHIEVEMENT



Upon completion of the Classroom-Based Assessment, **students submit** their work.



Teacher awards a **provisional descriptor** based on the Features of Quality.

There are **four level descriptors of achievement** in each Classroom-Based Assessment:

- Exceptional
- Above expectations
- In line with expectations
- Yet to meet expectations



Getting ready

Completing the CBA

Deciding on the level of achievement

Next steps

Features of Quality

Yet to meet expectations

A piece of work that falls somewhat short of the demands of the Classroom-Based Assessment and its associated Features. Perhaps the student has made a good attempt, but the task has not been grasped clearly or is marred by significant lapses. Feedback will draw attention to fundamental errors that need to be addressed.



Researching of ideas

- The work submitted was developed using an ineffective research method which led to a lack of understanding of the stimulus theme.



Geometric concepts

- The work submitted demonstrated little to no understanding and use of geometric concepts.



Sketching representation

- There was little or no use of two-dimensional and/or three-dimensional representations in the solution.



Communicating their Classroom-Based Assessment

- The solution was presented in an unsuitable format resulting in an ineffective communication of the Classroom-Based Assessment.

Features of Quality

Features of Quality: Communicating through sketching	
Exceptional A piece of work that reflects these Features to a very high standard. While not necessarily perfect, the strengths of the work far outstrip its flaws, which are minor. Suggestions for improvement are easily addressable by the student.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The work submitted was developed using an effective research method with a range of sources resulting in a comprehensive understanding of the stimulus theme. The work submitted demonstrated an excellent understanding and use of geometric concepts. There was excellent use of two-dimensional and/or three-dimensional representations in the solution. The presentation of the solution is of an excellent standard; using a highly effective medium which allowed for a critical consideration of what information best communicates the task.
Above expectations A piece of work that reflects these Features very well. The student shows a clear understanding of how to complete each area of the task. Feedback might point to the necessity to address some aspect of the work in need of further attention or polishing, but on the whole the work is of a high standard.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The work submitted was developed using an effective research method which led to an in-depth level of understanding of the stimulus theme. The work submitted demonstrated a very good understanding and use of geometric concepts. There was a very good use of two-dimensional and/or three-dimensional representations in the solution. The solution was presented to a very high standard, using an effective medium, with careful consideration of what information accurately communicates the task.
In line with expectations A piece of work that reflects most of these Features well. It shows a good understanding of the task in hand and is free from significant error. Feedback might point to areas needing further attention or correction, but the work is generally competent and accurate.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The work submitted was developed using an appropriate research method which led to some level of understanding of the stimulus theme. The work submitted demonstrated a good understanding and use of geometric concepts. There was a good use of two-dimensional and/or three-dimensional representations in the solution. The solution was well presented, using an appropriate medium, with careful consideration of what information to communicate to best showcase the task.
Yet to meet expectations A piece of work that falls somewhat short of the demands of the Classroom-Based Assessment and its associated Features. Perhaps the student has made a good attempt, but the task has not been grasped clearly or is marred by significant lapses. Feedback will draw attention to fundamental errors that need to be addressed.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The work submitted was developed using an ineffective research method which led to a lack of understanding of the stimulus theme. The work submitted demonstrated little to no understanding and use of geometric concepts. There was little or no use of two-dimensional and/or three-dimensional representations in the solution. The solution was presented in an unsuitable format resulting in an ineffective communication of the Classroom-Based Assessment.



Researching of ideas



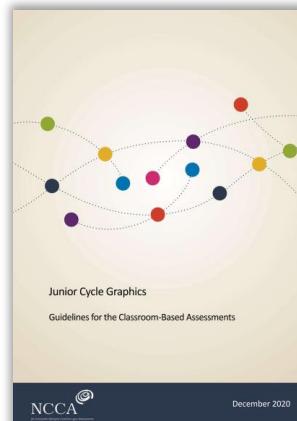
Geometric concepts



Sketching representation

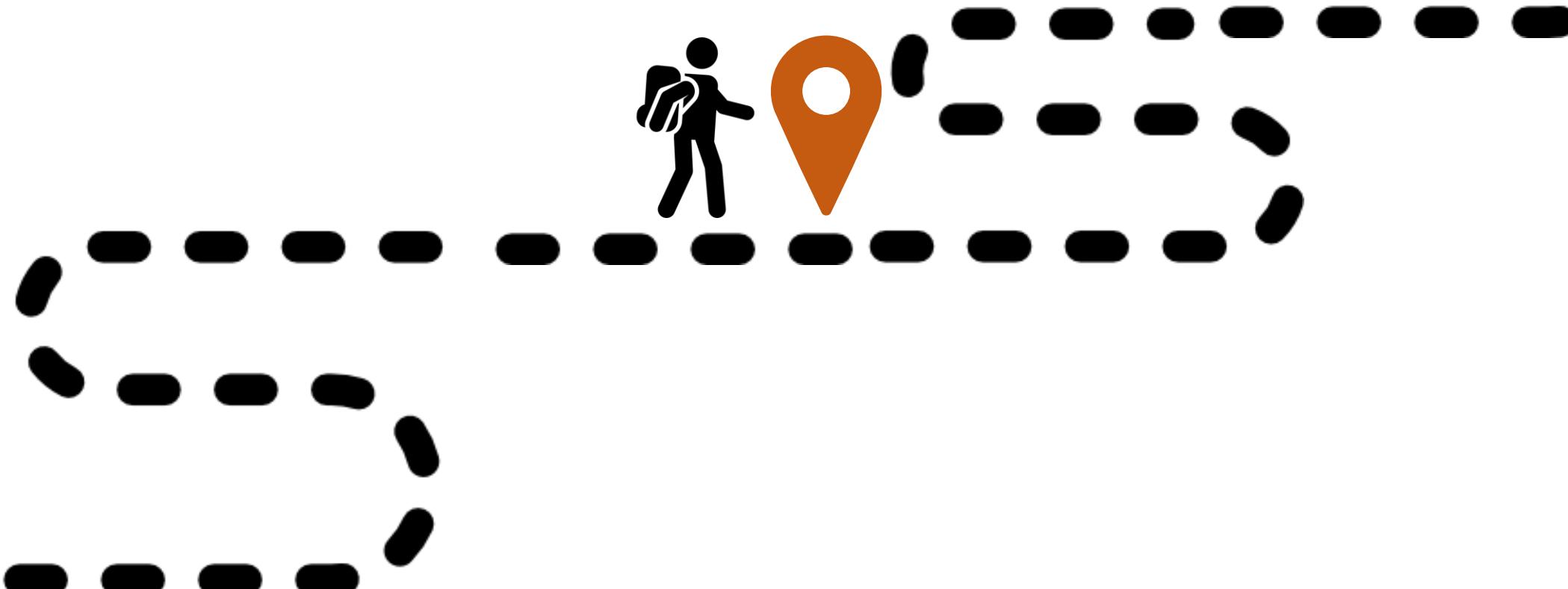


Communicating their Classroom-Based Assessment



FEATURES OF QUALITY

This ‘**best fit**’ approach allows teachers to select the descriptor that ‘**on balance**’ describes the work being assessed.



Context



Before
CBA 1



During
CBA 1



Next
steps



SLAR

Planning for Classroom-Based Assessments

The graphics below outline some planning considerations that subject departments and individual teachers may follow in advance of, during and after the Classroom-Based Assessment (CBA) process. Teachers are advised to refer to their **subject specification** and **Guidelines for the Classroom-Based Assessments** documents available on www.curriculumonline.ie for full details.

SUBJECT DEPARTMENT		SUBJECT TEACHER	
Before Classroom-Based Assessments		Before Classroom-Based Assessments	
	Agree the three-week window		Engage with the subject specification, developing students' subject knowledge, understanding, skills and values
	Agree the Subject Learning and Assessment Review (SLAR) meeting date, in line with current NCCA guidelines.		Explore formative assessment strategies
	Agree the SLAR meeting facilitator		Consider student experiences with a non-linear approach to learning outcomes
During Classroom-Based Assessments		During Classroom-Based Assessments	
	Offer subject colleagues collegial support throughout the process		Guide students as they progress through the task
	Encourage collective discussion, advice and support to one another		Offer ongoing feedback to students
	SLAR meeting should take place within one-month or by the latest date specified by the NCCA		Identify possible samples for SLAR meeting
	Provide feedback to students		Assign provisional descriptors
	Reflect on experience as a subject department		Participate in SLAR meeting
After Classroom-Based Assessments		After Classroom-Based Assessments	
	SLAR meeting should take place within one-month or by the latest date specified by the NCCA		Reconsider judgement
	Provide feedback to students		Report final descriptor
	Reflect on experience as a subject department		

info@jct.ie www.jct.ie @Jct4ed @JCforTeachers CC BY NC

Getting ready

Completing the CBA

Deciding on the level of achievement

Next steps



Context



Before
CBA 1



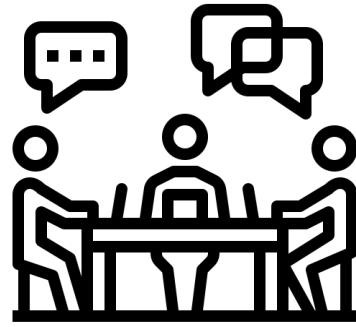
During
CBA 1



Next
steps

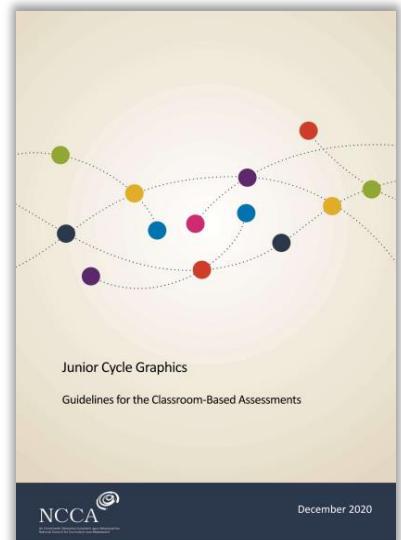
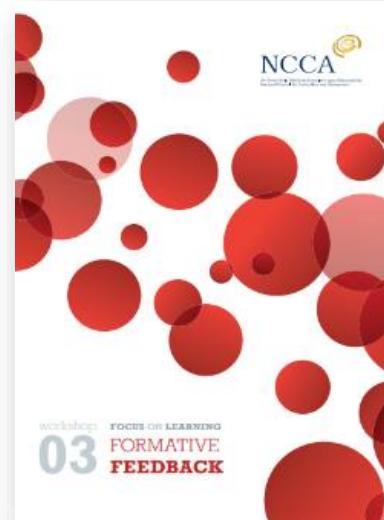
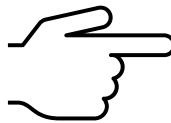


SLAR



A Subject Learning and Assessment Review meeting is where teachers will 'share and discuss samples of their assessment of students' work and **build common understanding** about the quality of student learning.

- ✓ Subject Learning and Assessment Review meeting
- ✓ Recording and reporting results from Classroom-Based Assessments
- ✓ Using feedback



Getting
ready

Completing
the CBA

Deciding on
the level of
achievement

Next steps

SLAR Supports

www.jct.ie



Assessment



Graphics

Subject Learning and Assessment Review (SLAR) Meeting Resources

Below you will find a number of supports that you may find useful as you engage in the Subject Learning and Assessment Review meeting process.

The role of teachers and the facilitator during the SLAR process

Before the SLAR Meeting

Teachers will:

- Assess student work based on the features of quality for the CBA in question.
- Review relevant NCCE accredited materials or necessary [background information](#).
- Identify the key descriptor(s) that are most appropriate to use during the SLAR meeting.
- Identify one example of student work, where possible, for each descriptor, to be used in the SLAR meeting.
- Submit details of samples of work for discussion to the facilitator before the SLAR meeting.

Facilitators will:

- Arrange a suitable time for the SLAR meeting with management and the subject department.
- Prepare the meeting space for the online arrangements to support the review discussions.
- Identify any necessary equipment or materials.
- Develop a running order for the SLAR meeting.

During the SLAR Meeting

- Introduce one sample of “Not to Meet Expectations” level.

Gathering Samples of Student Work Prior to SLAR Meeting

Gathering Samples of Student Work Prior to SLAR Meeting

Each teacher will submit approximately four samples of student work, one from each of the descriptor levels, if feasible, to the SLAR facilitator for the Subject Learning and Assessment Review (SLAR) meeting. Where teachers cannot present samples of each descriptor, they will submit as many samples as possible. The facilitator will then select the levels that are available, while respecting the descriptor. A sample of four can be submitted to the facilitator to review these samples in the order of which you would like to review them. This information will be used to create a running order for the SLAR meeting. It may not be possible to discuss all samples.

Running Order of Samples for the SLAR Meeting

Running Order of Samples for the Subject Learning and Assessment Review (SLAR) Meeting

This document can be used to discuss samples of student work during the SLAR meeting. The SLAR facilitator creates a running order of samples to review. The facilitator may wish to use this table to show approximately four samples of student work. The first three columns can be consulted prior to the SLAR meeting. The final descriptor can be awarded during or after the SLAR meeting by the subject teacher.

Date of SLAR Meeting:	Facilitator:	Venue & Time:	Deciding on the level of achievement
Teacher Name:	Sample Number:	Provisional Award:	Notes:

Facilitator Report

Subject Learning and Assessment Review (SLAR) Meeting: Facilitator's Report Template

This template is to be completed by the facilitator during the SLAR meeting. Once the SLAR meeting is completed, this document is returned to senior management, or the teacher assigned with the schools Junior Cycle Management Resource Hours.

Subject:	Date/time:
Attendance at the meeting	
Key decisions made during the meeting	

File type: PDF

Click to view or download



Context



Before
CBA



During
CBA



Next
steps



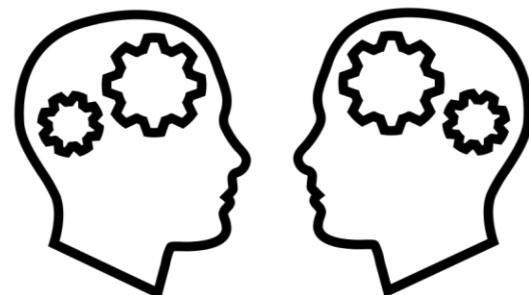
SLAR



Professional Discussion

...a key role in developing a collegial professional culture and build confidence about the judgements that teachers make about student performance.

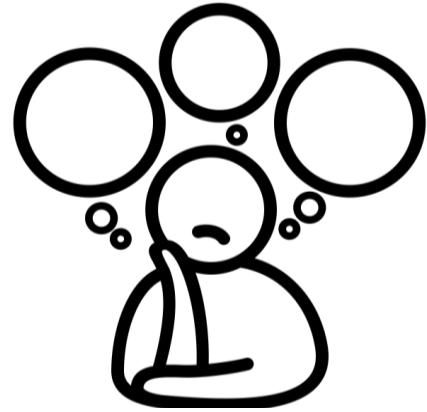
Framework for Junior Cycle, Page 39



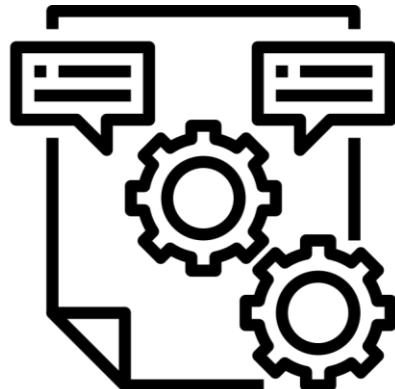
Shared understanding

...help to ensure consistency and fairness within and across schools in the assessment of student learning.

Framework for Junior Cycle, Page 39



Teacher Reflection



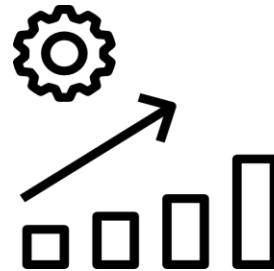
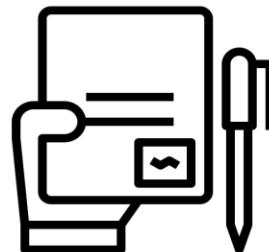
Develop beneficial feedback

AFTER A SLAR MEETING...



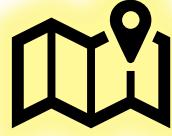
Each individual teacher **may re-consider the judgements** they have made of their student's work, based on the outcomes of the meeting. Where necessary make the appropriate adjustments to the level of achievement awarded to the work.

Recording and reporting results from Classroom-Based Assessments



Providing students with effective **feedback** on their CBA that will **move them forward in their learning**.

In this presentation we have explored



Context for Classroom-Based Assessment 1: *Communicating through sketching*



Planning and preparation required **before** the Classroom-Based Assessment



Student learning **during** the Classroom-Based Assessment



Next steps after the Classroom-Based Assessment



Preparation required for participation in a **SLAR** meeting

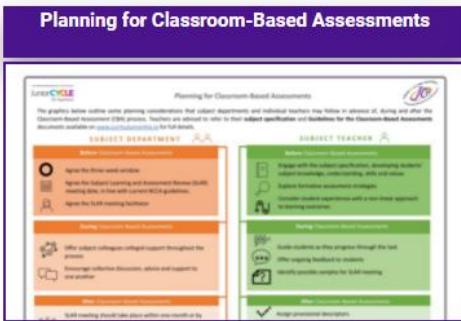
Additional Supports for CBAs

Assessment - Graphics

This section contains information related to ongoing assessment of Junior Cycle Graphics.

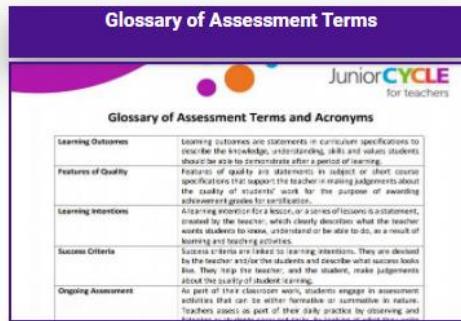
A dual approach to assessment, involving classroom-based assessment across the three years and a final externally-assessed, state-certified examination can enable the appropriate balance between preparing students for examinations and also facilitating creative thinking, engaged learning and better outcomes for students. This approach will recognise and value the different types of learning that take place in schools and will allow for a more rounded assessment of the educational achievements of each young person.

You will find the Guidelines for the Classroom-Based Assessments in Graphics in the [Key Documents](#) section.



File type: PDF

[Click to view or download](#)



File type: PDF

[View or download file](#)

CBA 1 - Communicating through sketching

CBA 2 - Graphical presentation skills

Subject Learning and Assessment Review (SLAR) Meeting Resources

Elective Workshops

- Home
- Key Documents
- News/Events
- CPD Supports
 - Engineering
 - Wood Technology
 - Applied Technology
- Graphics
 - CPD Workshops 2018/2019
 - CPD Workshops 2019/2020
 - CPD Workshops 2020/2021
 - CPD Workshops 2021/2022
- Elective Workshops** 
- CPD/AM in Junior Cycle
- Planning
- Assessment

Communicating through sketching - Preparing for Classroom-Based Assessment 1

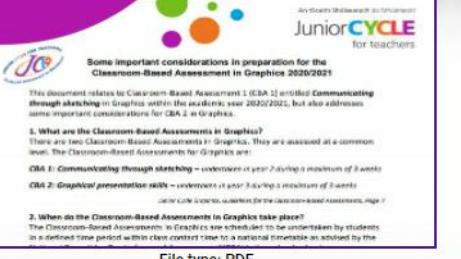
Communicating through Sketching



File type: YouTube

[Click image to play](#)

Important Considerations for CBA 1



File type: PDF

[Click to view or download](#)

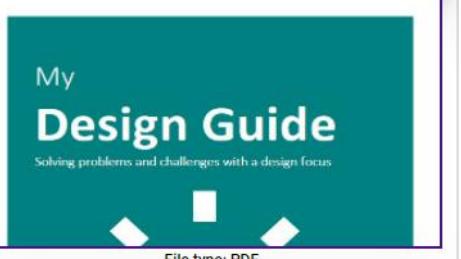
My Geometry Journey



File type: PDF

[Click to view or download](#)

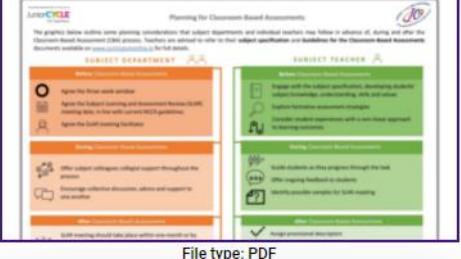
Design Guide



File type: PDF

[Click to view or download](#)

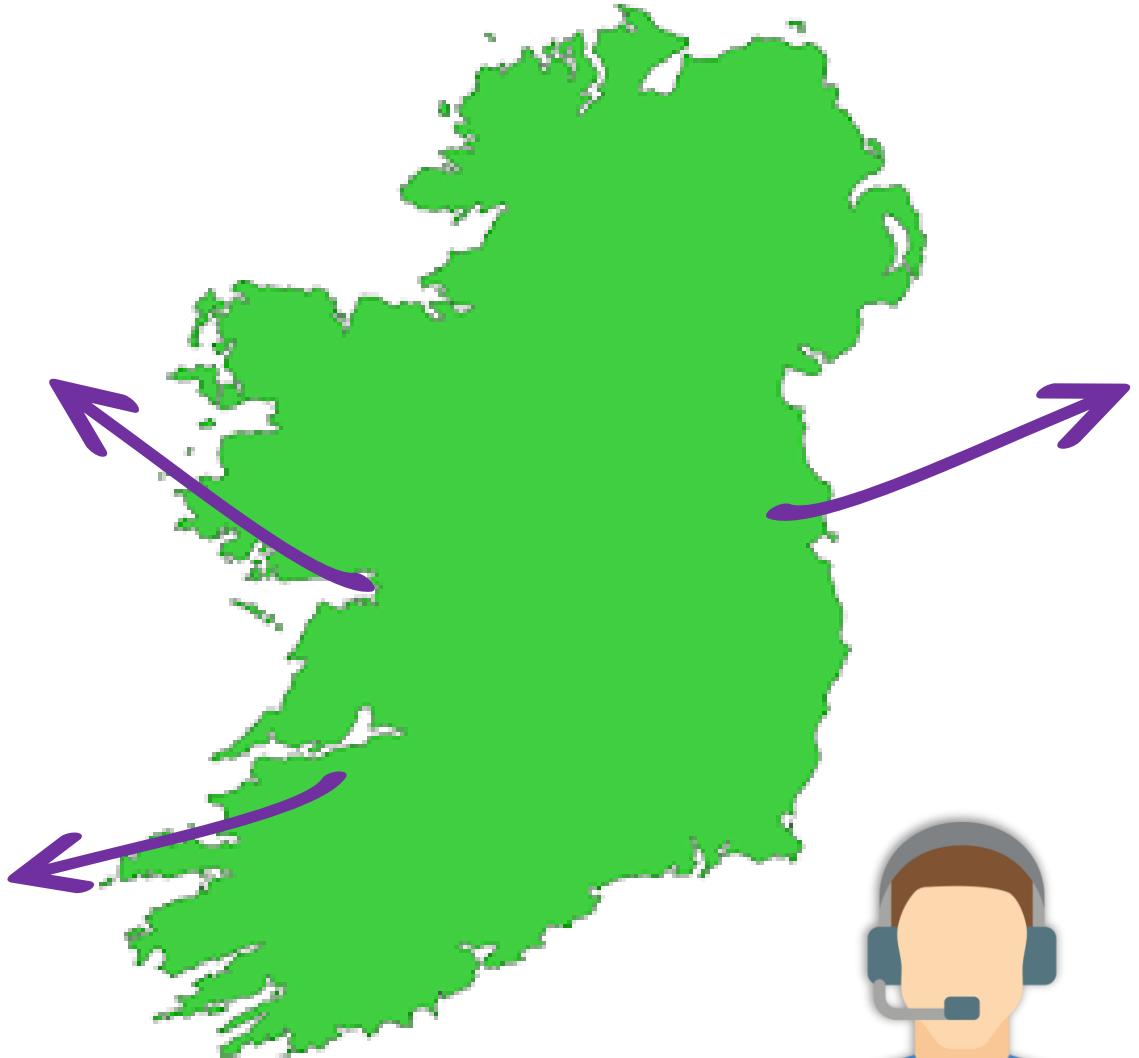
Planning for Classroom-Based Assessments



File type: PDF

[Click to view or download](#)

Please visit www.jct.ie/technologies for more support!





Thank You

Exploring Classroom-Based Assessment 1

'Communicating through sketching'



An Roinn Oideachais
Department of Education

